IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claims 1-56 (canceled).

57. (currently amended) A non-human, mammalian embryo clone of a preexisting, non-embryonic mammal from which a differentiated cell has been taken,

wherein the embryo clone has the same set of chromosomes as the pre-existing mammal,

wherein the embryo clone is produced by a process comprising:

(a) transferring the nucleus of the differentiated cell or a cell obtained by culture thereof into an enucleated, metaphase II-arrested oocyte from the same species,

wherein the differentiated cell or cell obtained by culture thereof is a diploid cell in the G1 phase of the cell cycle at the time of transfer;

- (b) activating the oocyte; and
- (c) incubating the activated oocyte such that the embryo clone develops, wherein the embryo clone is capable of developing to term.
- 58. (previously presented) The non-human, mammalian embryo clone of claim 57, wherein the non-human, non-embryonic mammal is selected from the group consisting of cattle, sheep, pigs, goats, mice, and rabbits.
- 59. (previously presented) The non-human, mammalian embryo clone of claim 57, wherein the differentiated cell or cell obtained by culture thereof is cultured *in vitro*.
- 60. (previously presented) The non-human, mammalian embryo clone of claim 58, wherein the differentiated cell or cell obtained by culture thereof is abstracted *ex vivo*.

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61. (currently amended) A non-human mammalian clone of a pre-existing, nonembryonic mammal from which a differentiated cell has been taken,

wherein the clone has the same set of chromosomes as the pre-existingmammal,

wherein the clone is produced by a process comprising:

(a) transferring the nucleus of the differentiated cell or a cell obtained by culture thereof into an enucleated, metaphase II-arrested oocyte from the same species,

wherein the differentiated cell or cell obtained by culture thereof is a diploid cell in the G1 phase of the cell cycle at the time of transfer;

- (b) activating the oocyte; and
- (c) incubating the activated oocyte such that an embryo develops;
- (d) transferring the embryo to a female of the same species; and
- (e) developing the embryo into the non-human mammalian clone.
- 62. (previously presented) The non-human mammalian clone of claim 61, wherein the non-human, non-embryonic mammal is selected from the group consisting of cattle, sheep, pigs, goats, mice, and rabbits.
- 63. (previously presented) The non-human mammalian clone of claim 61, wherein the differentiated cell or cell obtained by culture thereof is cultured *in vitro*.
- 64. (previously presented) The non-human mammalian clone of claim 61, wherein the differentiated cell or cell obtained by culture thereof is abstracted *ex vivo*.
- 65. (currently amended) A non-human, <u>transgenic mammal</u> <u>mammalian embryo-</u> clone of a pre-existing, non-embryonic mammal from which a differentiated cell has been taken,

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wherein the embryo clone is produced by a process comprising:

- (a) obtaining the \underline{a} differentiated cell from the \underline{a} pre-existing, non-human, non-embryonic mammal;
 - (b) genetically modifying the differentiated cell;
- (c) transferring the nucleus of the genetically modified cell into an enucleated, metaphase II-arrested oocyte from the same species,

wherein the differentiated cell or cell obtained by culture thereof is a diploid cell in the G1 phase of the cell cycle at the time of transfer;

- (d) activating the oocyte; and
- (e) incubating the activated oocyte such that the embryo clone transgenic mammal develops,

wherein the embryo clone transgenic mammal is capable of developing to term.

- 66. (currently amended) The non-human, mammalian embryo clone transgenic mammal of claim 65, wherein the non-human, non-embryonic mammal is selected from the group consisting of cattle, sheep, pigs, goats, mice, and rabbits.
- 67. (currently amended) A non-human, transgenic mammal mammalian clone of a pre-existing, non-embryonic mammal from which a differentiated cell has been taken, wherein the clone is produced by a process comprising:
- (a) obtaining the \underline{a} differentiated cell from the \underline{a} pre-existing, non-human, non-embryonic mammal;
 - (b) genetically modifying the differentiated cell;
- (c) transferring the nucleus of the genetically modified cell into an enucleated, metaphase II-arrested oocyte from the same species,

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wherein the differentiated cell or cell obtained by culture thereof is a diploid cell in the G1 phase of the cell cycle at the time of transfer;

- (d) activating the oocyte; and
- (e) incubating the activated oocyte such that an embryo develops;
- (f) transferring the embryo to a female of the same species; and
- (g) developing the embryo to term into the non-human mammalian clone.
- 68. (currently amended) The non-human mammalian clone , transgenic mammal of claim 67, wherein the non-human, non-embryonic mammal is selected from the group consisting of cattle, sheep, pigs, goats, mice, and rabbits.
- 69. (currently amended) A non-human, non-embryonic mammal from which a differentiated donor cell has been taken and a clone thereof of the non-human mammal produced from the cell,

wherein the clone has the same set of chromosomes as the non-human mammal and wherein the clone is made by a process comprising:

- (a) transferring the nucleus of the differentiated cell or a cell obtained by culture thereof into an enucleated, metaphase II-arrested oocyte of the same species, wherein the differentiated cell or cell obtained by culture thereof is a diploid cell in the G1 phase of the cell cycle at the time of transfer;
 - (b) activating the oocyte; and
 - (c) incubating the activated oocyte such that an embryo develops;
 - (d) transferring the embryo to a female of the same species; and
- (e) developing the embryo to term into a clone that has the same set of chromosomes as the non-human mammal.

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70. (currently amended) A cell <u>preparation</u> culture comprising non-human mammalian differentiated cells and a non-human mammalian clone of a non-human mammal produced from a cell in the cell preparation therefrom, wherein the clone has the same set of chromosomes as cells in the cell culture,

wherein the cell preparation comprises differentiated cells from a non-human mammal,

and wherein the clone is made by a process comprising:

(a) transferring the nucleus of a differentiated cell from the cell <u>preparation</u> culture into an enucleated, metaphase Il-arrested oocyte of the same species,

wherein the differentiated cell is a diploid cell in the G1 phase of the cell cycle at the time of transfer;

- (b) activating the oocyte; and
- (c) incubating the activated oocyte such that an embryo develops;
- (d) transferring the embryo to a female of the same species; and
- (e) developing the embryo to term into a clone that has the same set of chromosomes as cells in the cell culture.
- 71. (previously presented) A reconstituted non-human mammalian oocyte comprising the nucleus of a differentiated non-human mammalian diploid donor cell from the same species in the G1 phase of the cell cycle,

wherein the reconstituted non-human mammalian oocyte is capable of developing to term.

72. (new) A cell preparation and a live-born clone of a non-embryonic, non-human mammal,

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wherein the clone is produced from a cell in the preparation, and wherein the cell preparation comprises differentiated cells from the non-embryonic, non-human mammal.

- 73. (new) The cell preparation and clone according to claim 72, wherein the mammal is a sheep.
- 74. (new) The cell preparation and clone according to claim 72, wherein the mammal is a pig.
- 75. (new) The cell preparation and clone according to claim 72, wherein the mammal is a goat.
- 76. (new) The cell preparation and clone according to claim 72, wherein the mammal is a mouse.
- 77. (new) The cell preparation and clone according to claim 72, wherein the mammal is a rabbit.
- 78. (new) The cell preparation and clone according to claim 72, wherein the mammal is a cow.
- 79. (new) A cell preparation and a clone of a non-embryonic, non-human mammal,

wherein the clone is produced from a cell in the preparation,

wherein the cell preparation comprises differentiated cells from the nonembryonic, non-human mammal, and

wherein the clone is capable of developing to term.

80. (new) The cell preparation and clone according to claim 79, wherein the mammal is a sheep.

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81. (new) The cell preparation and clone according to claim 79, wherein the mammal is a pig.

- 82. (new) The cell preparation and clone according to claim 79, wherein the mammal is a goat.
- 83. (new) The cell preparation and clone according to claim 79, wherein the mammal is a mouse.
- 84. (new) The cell preparation and clone according to claim 79, wherein the mammal is a rabbit.
- 85. (new) The cell preparation and clone according to claim 79, wherein the mammal is a cow.
- 86. (new) A pair of live-born, non-human mammals comprising a parental non-human mammal and its offspring clone.

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